THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
For a Workers-Farmers Government
To Organize the Unorganized
Against Imperialist War
For the 40-Hour Week

Daily Worker

FINAL CITY EDITION

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UNION BUREAUCRACY SELLING OUT ORLEANS STRIKERS

BIG SHOP MEET TODAY TO PLAN CLOAK STRUGGLE

To Elect Rank and File Committee to Lead Real Strike

Six Pickets Arrested

Bosses, I.L.G.W. Chiefs Continue Love-Fest

While paeans of mutual praise continue to be sung by the cloak employers and their "socialist" agents who operate a scab racket known as the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, while Schlesinger and his messenger boy, David Dubinsky, vice-president of the company union, grow lyrical in the columns of the capitalist press about the conference with Tammany's Governor Roosevelt on Friday, machinery has already been set in motion to convert the I. L. G. W. fake stoppage into a real struggle of the thousands of ruthlessly exploited cloakmakers.

This afternoon at 1 o'clock, at the call of the left wing Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, a conference of rank and file shop representatives will be held in Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Pl., at which the sordid conspiracy of the bosses, the "union" chiefs and Tammany politicans will be discussed and a rank and file strike committee organized to take over the active leadership of the cloakmakers' struggle. At this conference detailed plans will be formed for converting the fake stoppage into a mighty struggle for real union conditions that will defeat the shame-

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BIG CONFERENCE TONIGHT TO AID NEEDLE STRIKES

To Rally All Militant Labor Organizations

All sections of the progressive labor movement will be rallied in support of the furriers' and cloak strikes being conducted by the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union at a conference of representatives of working class organizations to be held tonight in Webster Hall, 119 East 11th street.

Of Utmost Importance.

The conference is considered of the utmost importance as it will take definite steps to consolidate all the progressive elements in the labor movement 100 per cent behind the needle strikers and against the efforts of the Schlesingers, Stetskys, McGradys and other faithful servitors of the bosses to deliver over the needle trades workers completely into the hands of their exploiters.

The fur strike continues unabated, with picketing of the shops daily. It is announced that the Joint Board of the Industrial Union is planning to call a big mass meeting of all furriers for sometime this week. The exact date and place will be announced later.

Eleven Pickets Arrested.

Eleven fur strikers were arrested during yesterday's picketing. Nine were given suspended sentences, one was fined $5 and one $2.

Before Magistrate Rosenbluth there also came up the cases of three fur pickets who were arrested in the early part of the strike and charged with assault. All were dismissed.

New Orleans Street Fights Evidence of Rising Militancy of American Workers

Again the workers of the South have, with elemental force, delivered heavy blows against their capitalist exploiters and defied the armed force of the state. For four days the street railway strikers of New Orleans and the other workers of the city who sympathize with them have paralyzed street traffic by their own power of numbers. The working population have shown, in a spontaneous struggle against the combined power of the street railway companies and the city police, an example of class solidarity that is magnificent. So rapid did the movement develop and so determined was the action of the masses in the streets that not even the reactionary officials of the American Federation of Labor dared openly denounce the demolishing and burning of trolley cars, the destruction of trucks sent to rescue the cars.

In face of the fury of the workers who filled the streets of New Orleans the imported scabs and gunmen recruited from Mitten's gangs in Philadelphia and Buffalo remain locked in railway coaches outside the city, cowering like the yellow dogs that they are; afraid to show their faces to the strikers and the sympathizers.

In spite of the labor officials not daring openly to oppose the strikers, the Central Labor Council has shown its true character by appealing behind the backs of the strikers to the United States labor department at Washington for a "mediator" to come into the situation. This is an attempt to deceive the workers into giving up the struggle and returning to the operation of the street cars, while their demands are flouted and denied by the agent of the government who always serves the interests of the employers and not the workers.

It is in such a situation that the workers are in dire need of effective leadership; a leadership that will expose the tricks of the labor officials and the government agents. It is in such a situation that the capitalist press, with its deceptive talk about the impartiality of the government, becomes one of the most effective strikebreaking agencies. In a word, in such a situation, the workers of New Orleans need the advice and the guidance of the Communist Party and the Communist press so that they may avoid the pitfalls that are set for them. It is in such a situation that the Daily Worker should enter and play its revolutionary role in the best Leninist sense of the word, as "not only the collective agitator but the collective organizer."

THE DAILY WORKER WILL DO ITS DUTY.

In spite of our difficult financial condition; in spite of the fact that we do not know tomorrow whether we will be able to meet our financial obligations so that we may appear the day after tomorrow, we will TODAY do our duty to the struggling workers of New Orleans and see that they are supplied with as many copies of our paper as we can get into the city, so that they may be equipped with arguments and slogans against the tricks of the employers and the labor fakers, and so they will be better able to combat the police and the other organized gangs that are trying by force to crush the strike.

New Orleans is further proof of the correctness of the line of the Communist Party that the working class is beginning to take the offensive against the capitalist class. It also confirms the position of the Party that the industrialization of the South is not to be viewed as evidence only of the growth of capitalism, but that the very growth of capitalism in the South, as elsewhere throughout the world, generated an opposing force, the struggle of the working class against the oppression of the bosses and the state power which the employers use to hold the workers in subjection.

Day before yesterday it was Elizabethton, Tennessee, that symbolized the new revolt of the masses of the South. Yesterday the conflict in Gastonia, North Carolina, burst forth. Today it is New Orleans. Tomorrow——?

Certainly tomorrow will bring forth still greater struggles, indicating the rising tide of revolt on the part of the masses. What is true of the South is also true of the North. Tempestuous forces will be let loose as the masses rise in ever larger numbers against capitalist rationalization; the struggle will assume ever more bitter forms and more and more come into open conflict with the state power.

IN SUCH A SITUATION EVERY REVOLUTIONIST KNOWS THE INDISPENSIBLE ROLE THAT IS PLAYED BY A REVOLUTIONARY DAILY PAPER. But it is in precisely this situation that we are forced to appeal to our readers to come to the rescue of the DAILY WORKER. Unless the response to our appeals for funds meet with better response than thus far we will not be able to survive.

We were forced three weeks ago to suspend publication for a day; only the quick response of a number of workers enabled us to exist!

We are still crippled because of being forced to confine our paper to four pages instead of six!

Funds are needed TODAY to enable us to continue even our four pages and more money must be forthcoming every day until we get back to six pages!

Collect funds everywhere possible and rush to the office of THE DAILY WORKER, 26 Union Square, New York City.

Save THE DAILY WORKER as the fighting organ and consolidating force of the class struggles that are developing throughout the whole country.

QUOTA A THIRD SHORT

Only $600 Received Over Week-End

The week-end brought in $600.25, or only two-thirds of the sum we should have had on hand before going to press today. As it is the Daily is getting through with difficulty, and is no nearer safe ground today than it was at the beginning of the emergency campaign. Workers, go out after those contributions from your shop-mates, and rush them in today. Only when we make the quota of $1,000 a day we can begin to breathe a little easier.

Newberry Unit, Newberry, Mich.	$15.00	Unit B, Sec. 4 ,N. Y. City....	57.50
Newark Unit, Newark, N. J..	50.50	Miami Unit, Miami, Fla.....	10.00

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WILL "THE DAILY" SURVIVE?

Send in Your Answer!

The Daily Worker, 26-28 Union Square, New York.

After reading the appeal for aid in the Daily Worker I am sending you the enclosed amount, $

Name .....

Address .....

Names of contributors will be published in the "Daily" without delay.

UNION GROWING; GASTONIA STRIKE GIVES IMPETUS

Mill Town Police Would Prevent Taking Victims Photos

Evicting More Families

WIR Providing Tents; More Will be Needed

(Special to the Daily Worker)

GASTONIA, N. C., July 8.—Mass meetings of strikers, and active organization work for the National Textile Workers Union and the International Labor Defense and Workers International Relief featured the week-end in Gastonia.

While the strikers, facing a frame-up trial on death penalty charges keep up their spirits in the Gaston county jail, their fellow workers are rapidly reviving and reorganizing the work they started before they were arrested.

Try To Stop Taking Pictures.

The city authorities of Gastonia tried yesterday to prevent the photographing of the textile striker defendants in the county jail when Liston Oak of the International Labor Defense came with photographers from Charlotte. Officer Rankin took Oak and the photographers into custody and haled them to the city hall.

The city manager could find no legitimate objection to the photographing, and after a lengthy interview grudgingly gave consent.

Hord Curses.

After leaving the city hall, the photographers and Oak met Policeman Adam Hord who said, "You damn furriners ain't got no right sneaking in here taking pictures." Hord expressed opinions regarding the National Textile Workers Union,

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GET DELEGATES FOR COMMUNIST NY CONVENTION

Hold Pier Meetings Today

With delegates being elected this week from every industry in Greater New York, the success of the City Nominating Convention of the New York District of the Communist Party is assured. Commencing at 10 this Sunday morning, the convention will be held at Irving Plaza Hall, Irving place and 15th street.

The great gathering will throb with the same spirit of militant working class solidarity which has marked the bitterly-fought strikes of food, shoe and needle trades workers throughout New York. These workers, who in their fight against long hours, low wages and nerve-wracking speed-up have found that the Communist Party is the only political party which has consistently fought for their interests against the conscious sabotage of the republican, democratic and socialist parties, will be among those who are expected to follow the leadership of the Communist Party on the political field.

Unions Represented.

Trade union leaders who have been active in the increasing wave of local strikes and who will voice the support of their organizations to the political program of the Party will include Michael Obermeier, organizer of the Hotel, Restaurant and

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Sandino Sends Message to Anti-Imperialists Entertainment Tonight

All anti-imperialists of New York will meet today in the Mandarin Restaurant, 30 Bowery, New York City near Canal Street and the Manhattan Bridge at 8:00 p. m.

The departure of the U. S. delegation to Europe to attend the Second World Congress Against Imperialism and meet Sandino there will be an opportunity for all Spanish-American and oppressed colonial organizations to celebrate the anti-imperialist struggle of the liberation movement of the Latin-American countries against Wall Street imperialism.

A special message of Augusto Sandino will be read to the dinner party. Michael Gold, Scott Nearing, Jack Ballam, Robert W. Dunn, Louis Gibarti, Albert Moreau and the Mexican anti-imperialist delegation will speak.

The Chinese Alliance and other Far-Eastern organizations are providing for original Chinese music and singing choruses. Latin-American banjo presentations and Negro orchestras will be further features of the entertainment. The few tickets still available can be secured at 799 Broadway, Room 221 or at the National Office of the Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square, Room 604.

POLICE TERROR AGAINST NEGRO TOILERS IN B'KN

Smash Up Home, Shoot at Worker

Revelations of a systematic campaign of police brutality and extortion against Negro workers in the Brownsville section of Brooklyn were yesterday made to the Daily Worker by Negro workers who live in this section.

Of the many cases of recent brutality against the Negro workers in Brownsville by the Tammany police, the worst case is revealed in the story told by Mrs. Louis Noel, wife of a Negro worker, of 365 Osborne St., Brownsville.

On Tuesday, July 2, Mrs. Noel revealed, two detectives, who showed their badges, broke into her home at 7:30 a. m. by smashing in the door and immediately instituted a search of her home, the object of which they refused to reveal. When Mrs. Noel objected to this high-

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Restaurant Gives Part of Profits to Save the Daily

Many class-conscious workers who are unable to aid the Daily Worker emergency campaign fund more directly are making it a point to eat their three squares at the Rational Vegetarian Restaurant, 199 Second Ave., between 12th and 13th Sts.

The management of this restaurant, noted for its continental atmosphere as well as its larder, has pledged itself to give a percentage of the gross income received this week to the Daily.

Workers who take this method of furthering the drive to save their Daily, with both pleasure and profit to themselves, should not fail to ask for the Special Daily Worker coupons when paying their checks. These are to be turned in at the business office of the Daily, 26-28 Union Sq., so that an accurate account of the vegetarian recruits brought in by us can be kept.

COTTON ACREAGE INCREASES.

WASHINGTON, July 8. — The acreage of cotton in cultivation on July 1, 1929 was 103.2 per cent., compared with last year or a total of 48,457,000 acres, the Agriculture Department announced today.

SOUTHERN LABOR VOTES ON STRIKE TO AID CARMEN

Faker Asks Federal Mediation, Prepares to Sell Out Strike

U. S. Court Injunction

N. Y. Banks Sue as Holders of Co. Bonds

NEW ORLEANS, La., July 8.—A "fight to the finish" in the strike of 2,000 street railway employes of the New Orleans Public Service Company was forecast in statements issued here today by company and union officials.

But the plan to betray the militant strike through collaboration of union officials with the bosses and the United States department of labor mediators is going on.

A department of labor mediator, W. H. Rogers, arrived here today and went into conference with W. W. Tuttle, commissioner of immigration. Another labor department representative, Harry B. Dines, was en route from South Bend, Ind.

Union and bosses' officials agreed to meet the government representatives.

* * *

Solidarity and Treason.

NEW ORLEANS, La., July 8.—Solidarity and treason to the striking carmen both developed among the other labor organizations in New Orleans yesterday. The solidarity came from several unions which met and denounced the Public Service Co. for importing strikebreakers. The members of the building trades unions forced their delegates to the building trades council to hold a meeting and vote on the motion of a sympathetic strike. After a five hour secret meeting, the council refused to annuonce the result.

The open treachery came from Dave Marcussy, president of the Central Trades and Labor Council when he wired through W. W. Tuttle, Commissioner of Immigration a request to the Federal department to "mediate" and thus laid the basis for another such betrayal of labor by its reactionary officials and

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SHOE WORKERS WIN BIG STRIKE

Gain Brooklyn Victory in 7-Week Struggle

The workers of the Radclyffe Shoe Company, 235 Park Ave., Brooklyn, after seven weeks of militant strike, yesterday succeeded in breaking down the resistance of the shoe bosses and gaining a signal victory for the Independent Shoe Workers Union.

When the 65 workers employed in the factory were locked out by the bosses seven weeks ago a permanent injunction was secured against them. In spite of this, however, the workers continued their picketing activities, facing the combined attacks of police and hired scabs and gangsters of the company. Arrests were frequent, but the strikers continued picketing until their victory was assured yesterday.

The company now agrees to union recognition, the 44-hour week and a substantial wage increase. Under the settlement a stipulation has been made that a definite wage scale will be made by the union after March 1, 1930.

In five other strikes now in progress the Independent Shoe Workers Union is confident that the militancy of the workers will force settlements in a short while.

LENIN'S THESIS AGAINST WAR IN 1914 URGE FOR INTERNATIONAL ANTI-WAR DAY AUGUST FIRST

(The following draft theses represents the original draft of the historical theses of the Russian Bolsheviki on the world war, the so-called "October Theses" of 1914. The draft was drawn up by Comrade Lenin in August, 1914, under the tile, "Theses on the Present War." It should be an inspiration and an urge to the whole working class for a tremendous mass response for the demonstrations planned under the leadership of the Communist International for International Anti-War Day, August First, the 15th Anniversary of the opening of the World War.)

* * *

By N. LENIN

1. The European and world war bears the clearly defined character of a bourgeois-imperialist-dynastic war. The struggle for markets and for the plundering of countries, the endeavor to stupify the proletariat of all countries, to dismember and to shatter the proletariat, to incite the wage slaves of one nation for the advantage of the bourgeoisie against the wage slaves of the other nation—that is the only real content and the only real meaning of the war.

2. The attitude of the leaders of the German social-democratic party of the Second International (1889-1914), who have voted for the war credits, and who are repeating the bourgeois-chauvinist phrases of the Prussian junkers and of the bourgeoisie, constitutes a direct betrayal of Socialism. Under no circumstances, even if one admits the absolute weakness of the party and the necessity of submitting to the will of the bourgeois majority of the nation can the behavior of the leaders of the German social-democratic party be excused. As a matter of fact this party is at present conducting a national-liberal policy.

3. The behavior of the leaders of the Belgian and French social-democratic parties who have betrayed Socialism by entering the bourgeois governments, deserve the same condemnation.

4. The betrayal of Socialism by the majority of the leaders of the Second International means a partial ideological collapse of this International. The chief reason for this collapse lies in the fact that in this International petty-bourgeois opportunism predominates, the bourgeois character and dangerousness of which has been pointed out by the best representatives of all countries. The opportunists long ago prepared the collapse of the Second International: they repudiated the socialist revolution and replaced it by reformism; they denied the class struggle and its necessary transformation at certain times into civil war, and preached collaboration of the classes; they preached bourgeois chauvinism in the form of patriotism and defense of the native country, and ignored or denied the A B C truth of Socialism already laid down in the Communist Manifesto, that the workers have no country. In the fight against militarism they confined themselves to a sentimental petty bourgeois standpoint, instead of recognizing the necessity of the revolutionary fight of the proletarians of all countries. They converted the necessity taking advantage of bourgeois parliamentarism and bourgeois legality into making a fetish of legality, and forgot the obligation in times of crises to employ the illegal forms of organization and agitation. An organ of international opportunism, the Socialist Monthly Review which has long since adopted a national-liberal standpoint, rightly celebrates the victory of opportunism over European Socialism. The so-called Centre of the German social-democracy and other social-democratic parties cowardly capitulate in practice to the opportunists. The future International will have the task of energetically freeing itself, once and for all, from the bourgeois tendency of Socialism.

5. Among these bourgeois and chauvinist sophisms with which the bourgeois parties and governments of the two competing chief nations of the Continent—Germany and France—specially dope the masses, and

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COMBINE DEFENSE RELIEF WEEK FOR GASTONIA CASES

Censorship Trial Today on Barring of I. L. D. Envelopes from Mail

Miners Eager to Assist

Drive to Secure 100,000 Defense Membership

National Defense and Relief Week, for the aid of the Gastonia victims, has been decided upon by the combined forces of the International Labor Defense and the Workers International Relief. This will be held from July 27 until Aug. 3.

During that period all organizations will be mobilized to collect funds to save the Gastonia framed-up strikers from the electric chair or from long terms in prison. Street meetings, collections in shops, mass meetings, house to house collections, every possible arrangement will be made to swell the defense and relief funds for the strikers.

Miners Aid Defense.

Funds are announced today from the Frauen Verein der Freien Gemande of Milwaukee, $25; I. Ringler of Liberty, N. Y., who is ill in bed, $7.50. The secretary of the National Miners' Union local at Bicknell, Indiana, writes that the miners are not only collecting funds to help the Gastonia strikers, but are also ready to start a local branch of the I. L. D. and request the necessary supplies to do so.

The district branch of the I. L. D. announces an outing to Pleasant Bay Park, Sunday, July 14, beginning at 10 a. m. It is calling a conference Friday, July 26, at 8 p. m. in Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Pl., for the aid of the Gastonia strikers.

LABOR ATHLETES MEET AUGUST 21

Track Meet to Follow Convention

The Labor Sports Union will hold its third National Convention and athletic meet in New York in August. The Convention will be held August 24, 25 and 25, and the meet will be held August 24-25. Nearly five hundred athletes took part in the many events on last year's program in New York. Indications point to a larger number of participants this year.

Conscious that they are part of a militant labor movement, this is well illustrated by them taking part in the general day-to-day struggles of the workers, in their support of strikes, etc. At the present time members of the L. S. U. are working hard to raise funds for the defense of the framed Gastonia strikers. Funds are also being raised to maintain worker children's summer camps.

Through L. S. U. to Class Struggle.

The convention call issued by the L. S. U., after correctly reviewing the relationship between the workers and the bosses, points out that "This is a period of intense speed-up, lowering of the living standard of the workers, attacks of the bosses upon working class organizations, fraternal, political, trade-union and sport, and the greater exploitation and segregation of Negroes. It is a period of preparation for another imperialist war, for an attack upon the U. S. S. R. To us it is a period of greater struggles against the bosses sport organizations and for the winning of the working youth to the Labor Sports Union and class struggle."

The Call further points out that "in the field of sports there is no neutrality," and calls upon all working class sport organizations that at present remain "neutral" to join the ranks of the L. S. U.

Lenin's Appeal in 1914 An Urge for Anti-War Day

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which are slavishly repeated by the socialist opportunists—the open as well as the concealed—who cling to the bourgeoisie, the following sophism must specially be mentioned and condemned: When the German bourgeoisie call for the defense of the fatherland, for the defense against czarism, for the defense of liberty, of cultural and national development—they lie, as Prussian junkerism, with Wilhelm II at the head, and the big bourgeoisie always have and always will—no matter what may be the result of the war—conduct a policy of defending czarist monarchy and never hesitate to hasten to its aid; they lie because as a matter of fact, the Austrian bourgeoisie are embarking on a robber campaign against Servia, the German bourgeoisie are suppressing Danes, Poles and French (in Alsace-Lorraine) and are conducting a war of aggression against Belgium and France in order to plunder richer and freer counties. They organized the attack at the moment which seemed to them most suitable for using their latest perfections in war technique, and on the eve of the carrying out of the so-called great military program by Russia. When the French bourgeoisie likewise call for the defense of native country, etc., they also lie, as in reality they are defending countries more backward as regards capitalist technique and developing more slowly, in that they with their milliards bought the reactionary bands of Russian czarism for the purpose of conducting an aggressive war in order to plunder Austrian and German provinces. There is nothing to choose between the two fighting groups of peoples in regard to the cruelty and barbarity with which they are conducting the war.

6. The task of the social-democracy of Russia is especially and in the first place the ruthless and unconditional fight against the Pan-Russian and czarist-monarchist chauvinism, and against its sophistic defense by the Russian Liberals, Cadets, etc., and by a portion of the Narodniki.

From the point of view of the working class and of the masses of all peoples of Russia, the defeat of the czarist monarchy, which suppresses Poles, Ukrainians and a whole number of peoples of Russia and promotes the increase of the suppression of the other nationalities by the Great Russians as well as the consolidation of the reaction, which arouses national hatred amongst the peoples of Russia—the defeat of the czarist monarchy and of its troops would be the lesser evil.

7. The slogans of the social-democracy must at present be the following: first an all-round propaganda, extending to the troops and the scenes of war, of the socialist revolution and of the necessity of directing the weapons not against their own brothers, the wage-slaves of other countries, but against the reaction of the bourgeois governments and parties of all countries. Absolute necessity of organizing illegal nuclei and groups among the troops of all nations for the purpose of carrying on such propaganda in all languages. Ruthless fight against the chauvinism and patriotism of the petty-bourgeoisie and bourgeoisie of all countries without exception. Against those leaders of the present International who have betrayed Socialism, appeal must be made to the revolutionary consciousness of the working masses who bear the entire burden of war and who are hostile to chauvinism.

POLICE TERROR AGAINST NEGRO TOILERS IN B'KN

Smash Up Home, Shoot at Worker

(Continued from Page One)

handed procedure the detectives assaulted her and severely bruised her. They threatened to have her deported to the West Indies.

Ill-treat Mother and Children.

Failing to find anything in their search, the detectives insulted and illtreated Mrs. Noel, who is the mother of two young children. The children were also illtreated by the police thugs. The children were in bed at the time. The effects of the illtreatment at the detectives' hands are still visible.

Held Captive in Home.

When the mother protested that she had to obtain food for her babies, the detectives refused to allow her to leave the house. A cousin of Mrs. Noel, S. Cyrus, was attracted to the house by the disturbance made by the detectives and tried to enter. One of the detectives thereupon drew his gun and fired a shot over Cyrus' head, narrowly missing him.

After a violent struggle Mrs. Noel succeeded in eluding the detectives and went for some food for her children. She told a policeman what had occurred, but the latter paid not the slightest attention to her. Hastening to the nearest police station, Mrs. Noel again related what had occurred at her home. One after another of the police officials ignored her, telling her to take the matter to some other official. The same thing occurred at a neighboring police station.

Detectives Damage House.

Her home was badly damaged by the detectives; the door had been broken in, furniture upset and a gaping bullet hole in the wall attested to the brutality of the detectives.

The children were badly frightened and were on the border of acute illness as a result of the attack by the detectives.

A young Negro worker entering the house as the detectives were leaving was severely beaten by the latter.

More Cases of Brutality.

The brutality of the Tammany police toward Mrs. Noel is but one of a series of brutal police actions toward Negro workers living in Brownsville. On Saturday 18 Negro boys playing cricket in Betsy-head Park, a public park, were approached by a detective, who beat one of the boys and arrested all on the charge of playing without a permit. While workers in the section state that no permit has ever been required before in this park.

Extort $300 From Workers.

At the police station $300 was exacted from the boys on bail bonds. The case was dismissed the following day, but the bail was not returned, the boys state.

The persecution of Mrs. Noel's cousin, Cyrus, who ran to Mrs. Noel's assistance, continued on Saturday night. Three detectives broke into his home at 340 Osborne St., Brownsville, where he was holding a party, and attempted to extort money from those present. The detectives threatened to arrest those present if bribes were not forthcoming. They succeeded in frightening some of those present into giving them money.

Communists Fight Brutality.

The Communist Party is planning an intense fight on the brutality of the police toward the Negro workers of Brownsville. Open-air meetings during the election campaign will be part of this drive.

The Communist campaign will also take in the housing situation of the Negro workers in Brownsville, where the workers live in ramshackle, wooden firetraps, with unsanitary toilets in the hallways, rubbage littering the houses, due to the landlords' failure to clean them, and no playgrounds for the Negro workers' children. The International Labor Defense and the American Negro Labor Congress will aid the fight on the terror.

Two Killed in New Wreck of Airplane

NEW PRESTON, Conn., July 8.—Richard ("Texas") Brown, 35, former air mail pilot, and Gordon Spencer Whittley, 19, his brother-in-law, were killed instantly this afternoon when a Waco biplane in which they were flying from New Jersey to Lake Waramaug developed motor trouble and crashed against a hillside.

UNION GROWING; GASTONIA STRIKE GIVES IMPETUS

Try to Stop Taking of Victims' Pictures

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Communism, Negroes, and his opinions on "free love" which would cause the Daily Worker to be barred from the mails if printed. He did not make clear what any of these matters had to do with the taking of the photographs.

Judging from the odor of his breath, Hord was not clear about it himself.

Photographs were also made of the tent colony and the reception of the father of Fred F. Beal, one of the defendants, at the meeting in Bessemer City.

Two Mass Meetings.

Mass meetings continue to be held. Arthur Dorsey, Tom Jimison, Liston Oak and Ruby MacMahon were speakers at a meeting in Bessemer. Wes Williams was chairman. Another meeting was held in the Arlington tent colony, the Loray strikers' tent colony just outside of Gastonia; Wagenknecht, of the Workers International Relief, Dewey Martin, and Eula Carson were the speakers here.

The International Labor Defense committee met yesterday in Gastonia to elect officers and plan enlargement of the committee.

Representatives are coming from many of the Southern Textile mills.

There was also a conference of the National Textile Workers Union organizers yesterday. Two organizers are being sent on the road today in response to insistent demands which are greater than the supply of organizers. Now organizers are being trained.

Children To Relief Camp.

The strikers' children, Red Howell, Odell Crawlen, Elmer MacDonald, and Essie Ackerage are being sent to the children's camp in Philadelphia run by the Workers International Relief.

The Stevens family with an eighteen months' old baby and four other children are evicted by the Loray company, and the Ryan family with six children, including a two months' old baby are evicted from the Rex mill. Their furniture is seized and stored. None but company houses are for rent. The workers are destitute, and their need is great.

* * *

Withdraw Militia.

WARE SHOALS, S. C., July 8.—Governor Richards is believed about to order the militia company now at Ware Shoals textile strike to Camp Jackson for two weeks' special training. There never was any reason for sending them to the strike area. The strike is still on.

The Camp Jackson training will include about 3,000 national guardsmen, practising for the approaching Hoover war, and coming from three southern states.

Workers to Attend I. L. D. Outing for Gastonia on Sunday

While mass demonstrations are being held in European cities condemning the Gastonia terror, the International Labor Defense will fight the ban on its mail in the New York courts today.

The postal authorities did not wait long to join hands with the brutal forces of the Gastonia mill owners and have refused to permit thousands of envelopes to go through bearing the slogan, "Smash the Murder Frame-Up Against the Gastonia Strikers."

Isaac Shorr, attorney, will fight the government's motion to dismiss the proceedings. The hearing will be held before Judge Thacher in the old Postoffice building.

For 100,000 Members.

The International Labor Defense appeals to all workers not only to contribute funds, but also to build up the membership of the I. L. D. that will force the bosses' recognition in all labor disputes of the future.

One hundred thousand members by the end of the trials is the slogan of the International Labor Defense. The trial is now only 20 days off, twenty days before the fifteen strikers are tried for murder and face the electric chair.

Party Functionaries in Boston and Minnesota Districts and Detroit Political Committee Endorse Expulsion of Lovestone

Removal of Wolfe Also Supported; Measures Urged Against Conciliators Hampering Party Struggle Against Right Splitters; Demand Wolfe, Gitlow Repudiate Their Present Positions

Reports from functionaries meetings in different parts of the country, the decisions of district political committees and resolutions adopted by membership meetings of sections and units of the Party, all testify to the overwhelming support of the action taken by the Central Committee in expelling Jay Lovestone from the Party, in removing Bertram D. Wolfe from the political committee, and pledging every possible support in the fight against all efforts to draw the Party away from the political path of the Sixth Congress of the Communist International.

This is further indication that the Party is thoroughly mobilized against any attempts of breaking the unity of our Party and that Lovestone's attempt to split the Party has been thoroughly defeated.

BOSTON DISTRICT URGES MEASURES AGAINST CONCILIATORS

Especially significant is the action taken by the Functionaries Conferences held in the two important districts of Boston and Minnesota, the District Executive Committee of the Boston Communist Youth League and the Political Committee of the Detroit District.

The Boston District Functionaries Conference meeting last Saturday by unanimous vote, with no abstentions, adopted the resolution of the District Bureau supporting the Address of the Communist International and endorsing the action of the Central Committee in deciding for the expulsion of Jay Lovestone and the removal of Wolfe from the political committee.

The Boston Conference urged measures against the conciliators hampering the Party struggle against the Right splitters.

DETROIT CALLS FOR STRUGGLE AGAINST SPLITTERS

Similar action was taken unanimously by the Political Committee of District Seven (Detroit), speaking for this section of Party closely connected with the workers in the shops, especially in the automobile industry. The action of the District Political Committee was as follows:

UNANIMOUS ACTION OF DETROIT POLITICAL COMMITTEE

"The Political Committee of District Seven categorically condemns the splitting tactics of Lovestone and calls upon the entire Party membership to mobilize all its forces to fight these splitting policies, as evidenced in his leaving the Soviet Union against the instructions of the Executive Committee of the Communist International; as evidenced in his communications sent to comrades throughout the country; his refusal to appear before the Central Committee of our Party and his indication of a deliberate intention to carry on a fight against the Comintern, which must be resisted and defeated without hesitation. The Political Committee of District Seven declares its conviction that Lovestone is organizing a Right wing fraction in America which is part of the international right wing in the struggle against the Comintern and its American section.

"The Political Committee of District Seven approves the expulsion of Lovestone from the ranks of the Communist Party of the United States by the Central Committee.

"The Political Committee of District Seven condemns the attitude of Comrade Wolfe in refusing to defend and accept the line and decisions of the Communist International, and demands of the Central Committee that severe disciplinary action be taken against Comrades Wolfe and Gitlow, unless they will repudiate their present positions and make a clear-cut, uncompromising fight for the defense of the line of the Comintern."

QUICK APPROVAL OF LOVESTONE'S EXPULSION

After the most thorough discussion yet held in a functionaries meeting of District Nine (Minnesota) the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

"This functionaries meeting of every section of the Party in District Nine (Minnesota) together with leading comrades from shop nuclei and auxiliary organizations, unreservedly supports, accepts and pledges its untiring energy for the acceptance of the open Address of the Comintern to the American Party.

"We welcome the fact that the District Bureau immediately endorsed the letter and strongly condemned the splitting tactics of Gitlow, Wolfe and Lovestone.

"Meeting as we do the day after the publication of the Central Committee statement on the expulsion of Lovestone from the Party, we unhesitatingly endorse this action and call upon all Party members who previously have been associated with him to repudiate his splitting tactics, fight against any conciliatory tendencies that may be shown towards him and those associated with him in his anti-Comintern fight.

"The suspension of Comrade Wolfe from the Polcom is a very necessary step in view of his unsatisfactory attitude on the Address of the Comintern. We urge that Comrade Wolfe be removed from the Central Committee if he continues his present attitude.

"The Open Letter is a very tower of strength to the Party in its fight against the Right Danger. We, in District Nine, have shown a hesitating attitude in carrying out a complete repudiation and separation from our opportunist tendencies in the past. The address considerably assists us in this task.

"In especially emphasizing and using as the central point in its analysis the third period, i. e., intensification of the class struggle, the Comintern clearly shows the line to be pursued by the Party.

With the liquidation of all factions in the Party, which is an essential prerequisite for the carrying out of the Open Address we can now march forward under the leadership of the Central Committee and the Comintern towards becoming a real Mass Party of class struggle."

BOSTON COMMUNIST YOUTH UNANIMOUS

"The District Executive Committee of the Communist Youth League of District One, Boston, taking cognizance of the fact that Lovestone defied the decisions of the Communist International and returned to the United States in order to mobilize against the Comintern, which was proven immediately upon his arrival, approves and greets the actions of the Central Committee in expelling Lovestone from our ranks and suspending Comrade Wolfe from the Political Committee. The latest acts of Lovestone are the beginning of carrying through the anti-Party cable of May 15. The Party, therefore, acted firmly and in a Bolshevik manner in taking this action in defense of the line of the Communist International.

"We condemn the methods of intrigue, falsehood and disruptive activities and petty-bourgeois politiciandom which are being utilized by the concealed and open opposition to the line of the Comintern.

"We also approve the action of the National Executive Committee in removing Comrades Rubenstein and Silvis because they openly allied themselves with Lovestone in a struggle against the decisions and leadership of the Communist International. This is in line with the decisions of the Fifth National Convention that the League must become one of the best interpreters of the decisions of the Communist International. This was also important because we cannot tolerate opposition to the Comintern decisions in the Bureau of the National Executive Committee.

"The District Committee of the Communist Youth League points out that while Comrade Rubenstein came to Boston to speak for the Comintern decisions, however, events after that have shown that Comrade Rubenstein has not fully understood the Comintern decisions which was evidenced in his stand against the removal of Comrade Miller and Grey for their opposition views. This attitude was correctly characterized by the NEC Bureau as conciliatory tendencies and which, with the arrival of Lovestone, have been unfurled into an open opposition to the Comintern decisions.

"The DEC calls upon every League member to carry out the decisions of the Comintern and the Party by concretely applying the Comintern line to our everyday activities. Our main task is stability and regularity in our work. Every League member an organizer for International Red Day! Every League member a fighter for the release of the Gastonia framed-up workers! Every League member an active defender of the line of the Communist International!"

Material on the Enlightenment Campaign will be found on Page Four Today.

EMERGENCY FUND

(Continued from Page One)

Oakland Unit, Oakland, Calif.	57.50
Street Nucleus 2, Pittsburgh, Pa.	24.00
Nucleus 13, Sec. 1, Cleveland, Ohio	20.50
Nucleus 12, Sec. 1, Cleveland, Ohio	20.00
Nucleus 31, Sec. 3, Cleveland, Ohio	5.00
Street Nucleus 2, Detroit, Mich.	38.00
Street Nucleus 1, Sec. 1, Detroit, Mich.	31.00
Unit 3, Sec. 2, Detroit, Mich.	37.00
Unit 1001, Dist. 10, Kansas City, Kans.	13.50
Unit 3, Sec. 7, N. Y. City	25.00
W. Concord Unit, Concord, N. H.	22.10
Pauline Abramson, N. Y. City	5.00
R. R. Long, Phila., Pa.	1.00
H. M. Richter, Chicago, Ill.	50.00
P. Babich, West Allis, Wisc.	5.00
Tony White, N. Y. City	5.00
E. Bersin, N. Y. City	.50
John Wild, Gloversville, N. Y.	2.00
Paul Befge, Powhatan, Ohio.	5.00
Charles Faessler, Atlantic City, N. J.	3.00
S. Hochheim, Chicago, Ill.	2.00
M. Hochheim, Chicago, Ill.	1.00
Crew of the Falko Shoe Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.	9.15
George Nickerson, Minneapolis, Minn.	2.00
Herman Jensen, Milwaukee, Wis.	5.00
South Slavic Fraction, Kansas City, Kan.	20.00
Hans Larson, Menno, S. Dak.	2.00
Paul Podjun, Luther, Mich.	5.00
J. P. Jones, Gaston Co., N. C.	10.00
Maurice Taburian, Bicknell, Ind.	2.00
Davy W. Jones, Bicknell, Ind.	1.00
Joseph Legerstein, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.	11.00
A. M., N. Y. City	1.00
M. White, Brooklyn, N Y.	8.00
Hangen, Hicksville, L. I., N. Y.	1.00
J. Martin, N. Y. City	2.00
I. Warshofsky, N. Y. City	2.00
I. Machover, Brooklyn, N. Y.	1.00
A. Overgood, N Y. City	2.00
J. Kiran, N. Y. City	5.00
TOTAL	$600.25
Previously	5,708.34
TOTAL TO DATE	$6,308.59

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Smash the Murder Frame-Up; Defend the Gastonia Textile Workers!

14 Workers

Members of the National Textile Workers Union

Charged With Murder!

THEY FACE THE ELECTRIC CHAIR

8 OTHERS FACE LONG PRISON TERMS

The fight to free the fourteen leading Gastonia strikers from the electric chair is not only a fight for the lives of these working class leaders but is a struggle for the right of the workers of the entire South to organize and struggle for better conditions.

Rally to the Support of the International Labor Defense.

Defend the National Textile Workers Union.

The 14 Southern Textile Workers Must Not Die.

The 22 Strikers Must Be Freed at Once.

This new attack of capitalist justice in North Carolina is a part of the attack of the American imperialist government on the entire working class. It goes hand in hand with the process of capitalist "rationalization", the speeding up of the workers at long hours and for low pay, and is a part of the preparation of the capitalist government for a new bloody imperialist world war.

ANOTHER SACCO-VANZETTI FRAME-UP IN GASTONIA!

The Struggle of the Southern Textile Workers is the Concern of the Entire American Working Class.

The members of the National Textile Workers Union have been bayoneted, arrested, beaten, slugged and shot and evicted from their homes because they dared to fight for better conditions against mill owners, the government authorities and against the strike-breaking activities of the American Federation of Labor.

Thousands of Dollars are Needed to Defend These Heroic Strikers, Members of the National Textile Workers Union.

Rush All Funds to the International Labor Defense

80 East 11th Street Room 402
New York, N. Y.

I hereby enclose $.....for the Gastonia Defense.

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

CITY AND STATE.....

PRESS HINTS AT RECOGNITION OF U. S. S. R. SOON

Prospective Shift of Trade to Britain Forcing Hoover

Hughes Sees Light

Trade Delegation Goes to Moscow in August

The metropolitan press of New York, close to the financial lords of the country, has within the last few days begun to hint more and more plainly at recognition of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics by the United States. The reasons are more or less frankly stated as the desire to prevent the shifting of the growing trade of the United States with the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics to England, if MacDonald keeps his promise and re-establishes diplomatic relations between London and Moscow.

The New York World states flatly in its yesterday's issue that President Hoover has told important financial and industrial concerns that recognition is on the way. The World reports on trade with the U. S. S. R. as follows:

Trade Need Decisive.

"Russia imported $96,717,000 of American goods and materials last year, including $54,000,000 in cotton, $15,000,000 in agricultural equipment, $11,600,000 of industrial machinery and close to $3,000,000 of automotive equipment and metals.

"Southern senators with an eye to the cotton market, farm bloc members seeking an outlet for the crop surpluses and others formerly hostile to recognition have undergone a considerable change of attitude in the last year or two. Even Mr. Hughes, who rejected every Soviet overture and stressed the menace of "Bolshevik propaganda," has been reported as altering his views since he retired to private life. Mr. Hughes is now counsel for Standard Oil of New York, which has contracted to buy about $10,000,000 of Russian oil products annually, and in this relationship he has had a different aspect of the problem presented to him.

"The fact that Ramsay MacDonald proposes to recognize Russia again, frankly on the ground of expediency, has had its influence here, pressing officials who keep a close watch on trade rivalry with Great Britain. Germany, benefited by formal relations, has so far had the cream of the trade. Great Britain stood next up to 1927, but after her rupture following the Arcos raid she dropped back. Her export to Russia fell off 65 per cent.

"The president is reported to be impressed by the same practical and expedient aspect of the matter that has motivated the British premier."

U. S. Opposes Tour.

The department of state has given assurance to the American business men's tour of the Soviet Union that they go with the full consent and approval of the U. S. government.

400 WORKERS AT TENANT MEETING

Exposes Rent Hogs and Preacher Tools

At a meeting of the Harlem Tenants' League in the Harlem public library last night, Richard B. Moore, president, addressing over 400 Negro workers, exposed the alliance of the profiteering landlords and the gospel-peddlers who in some cases are rent hogs in their own right and urged the affiliation of the league with the revolutionary working class organizations.

A number of such bodies, including the American Negro Labor Congress, the United Council of Working Women and several left wing unions have already thrown their support to the league, Moore pointed out.

A meeting of the house committees charged with conducting the rent strike in their respective apartment houses has been called for this Saturday. In addition, the league expects to hold a mass meeting prior to the city nominating convention, at which working class delegates to the convention will be elected and plans for linking up the housing situation with the forthcoming elections more thoroly worked out.

Campers at Wocolona Give $44.20 to Daily

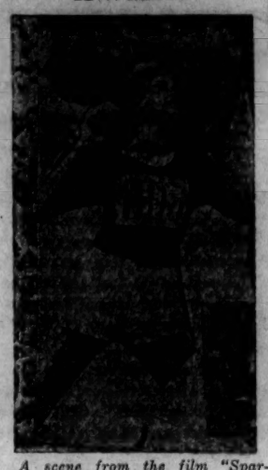
J. Louis Engdahl, editor of the Daily Worker, yesterday addressed the group of class-conscious workers gathered at Camp Wocolona for the week-end on the revolutionary press, giving a short history of the working class newspapers of Germany and Russia and comparing their struggles with those of the Daily Worker, the only English language labor daily.

Rebecca Grecht in a plea for support of the Daily's $50,000 emergency campaign fund, succeeded in raising $44.20 among the campers with pledges for additional sums.

CARPENTERS UNITE.

WESTMINSTER, Canada (By Mail).—Mill and factory carpenters here have organized into a union.

A Winner



A scene from the film "Spartakiada," the remarkable film of the Red Olympiad, being shown at the Film Guild Cinema, 52 W. 8th St., this week.

FIGHT TO SAVE FRAMED WORKER

The New York District of the International Labor Defense has asked for a writ of habeas corpus to stay the extradition to Pennsylvania of an Italian worker, Salvatore Accorisi, who has been framed up on a charge in connection with the Cheswick cases. The argument on the writ is set for July 11 at 10 A. M. in the Kings County Supreme Court, with Isaac Shorr representing the I. L. D.

Accorisi was arrested at his home in Staten Island, June 13, and charged with having fired the shot that killed state trooper Holt, after state troopers brutally assaulted a Sacco - Vanzetti demonstration in Cheswick, Pa., on Aug. 22, 1927. Ten other workers are still to be tried in this case, though the attempt to frame them up on murder charges has failed, and they are being charged with inciting to riot, disorderly conduct, etc. The International Labor Defense is defending them.

Accorisi has not even been indicted in Pennsylvania. The Pennsylvania district attorney merely issued a warrant for his arrest on the word of an officer. That the entire case is a frameup in an effort to get a scapegoat in the Cheswick case is evident from the fact that Accorisi was not even present at the Sacco-Vanzetti demonstration, but was four miles away where he was living at that time. The New York I. L. D. intends to wage a vigorous fight to prevent his extradition to Pennsylvania where it is feared that detailed frameup plans have been prepared including the brutal third degree to extort a "confession" from the victim.

SCRANTON, Pa. (By Mail).—Teamsters at the Fadden Ice Cream Co. plant struck when the employers refused to grant their demands for better working conditions.

GET DELEGATES FOR COMMUNIST NY CONVENTION

Hold Pier Meetings Today

(Continued from Page One)

Cafeteria Workers Union; Fred Biedenkapp of the Independent Shoe Workers Union; Ben Gold, Gross and Zimmerman of Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, and representatives of the building and electrical trades.

The Communist platform will be explained by J. Louis Engdahl, editor of the Daily Worker. William Z. Foster, National Secretary of the Trade Union Educational League, will urge on the Communist Party membership the necessity of giving full support to the Trade Union Unity Convention at Cleveland on August 31; the Party will be represented by William W. Weinstone, District Organizer; Rebecca Grecht, Campaign Director; Sam Darcy, local Agit-Prop Director; Benjamin Lifshitz, Industrial Organizer, an Max Bedacht, National Agit-Prop Director.

Tentative plans call for election of candidates for Mayor and county judges.

As part of the plans to get the widest representation at Sunday's convention, meetings will be held today at Pier 14 and Pier 36. Richard B. Moore and Maurice Pasternack will speak at Pier 14, and Harold Williams, District 2 Negro Director, and David Popko will speak at Pier 36.

BRUTAL ATTACK ON IRON STRIKER

Police brutality against the iron workers now on strike in Greater New York and vicinity continued yesterday with the arrest of one striker and the beating up of another while they were picketing struck shops.

George Eliot, one of the striking workers, was brutally attacked and beaten while picketing the shop of the Fordham Iron Works on West Farms Road, the Bronx. His assailants, scabs and hired gangsters, escaped.

T. Figilo was arrested while picketing before the Penn Brass Company, in Greenpoint, L. I. Taken to the Beach Plaza Court after his arrest, his case was dismissed.

At the mass meeting of all the iron and bronze strikers at Irving Plaza, Irving Pl. and 15th St., tonight at 6:30, a report on the strike situation will be made and further plans for strike activity will be discussed and formulated.

Tomorrow evening at 7:30 shop chairmen of those shops which have settled with the union will meet at the union office, 17 E. 15th St.

BIG SHOP MEET TODAY TO PLAN CLOAK STRUGGLE

Bosses, I.L.G.W. Chiefs Continue Love-Fest

(Continued from Page One)

less swindle of the employers and their "union" agents. Three thousand cloakmakers—all that could squeeze into Cooper Union last Friday—have already declared their determination to follow the lead of the Industrial Union in this struggle and thousands of others are expected to rally behind their representatives at today's conference.

Hold Mass Picketing.

Thousands of left wing cloakmakers answered the call of the Industrial Union and conducted a mass picketing demonstration yesterday morning in the garment district. Right wing guerillas and thugs, who were active during the picketing, attempted to terrorize the strikers and succeeded in having six workers arrested. J. Freedman, a right wing guerilla, attacked Arthur Stein, a picket, and slashed him badly with a knife. Workers who rushed to the defense of Stein beat off the thug and gave him more than he had expected. Despite the fact that Stein was badly cut, he and five others were arrested, while the guerilla was let free. In Jefferson Market Court Stein and Alexander Hartenstein were held on $1,500 bail each on charges of felonious assault. The other four, who were charged with disorderly conduct, were dismissed.

Two cloak pickets, A. Cohen and Harry Freedman, who were arrested about a week ago, also appeared yesterday before Magistrate Rosenbluth. Cohen was sentenced to one day in jail and Freedman was given a $25 fine.

Three other pickets, who were charged with assault after being attacked by right wing thugs at the Cooper Union meeting last Friday, were dismissed.

* * *

"A Family Talk."

"We are here to have a family talk about the situation."

Thus Governor Roosevelt, as reported by yesterday's "Women's Wear," organ of the employers, opened the conference Friday with representatives of the three employers' associations and of their company union, the I. L. G. W. U.

And in the columns of Women's Wear various leaders of the employers' organizations drool unctuous satisfaction over the conference and sing the praises of their beloved collaborators, the I. L. G. W. chiefs.

"This is the first time since 1910 that all four organizations have appeared on a friendly basis," I. Grossman, president of the Industrial Council states.

Another Warbler.

"In 18 years of association with the trade, with governors' and mayors' commissions and boards of mediation, I never witnessed a more cordial approach to real problems by differing factions than that displayed at the governor's conference," warbles Samuel Blumberg, counsel to the Merchants Ladies Garment Association.

In fact, it was a regular lovefest. And "Women's Wear" reports glowingly how I. Grossman and Benjamin Schlesinger occupied adjoining chairs at the conference and how they lunched together in the dining car on the way up to Albany.

His Master's Voice.

And hearkening to his master's voice, Schlesinger also joins the general chorus and announces through Women's Wear that his organization "is tremendously interested in finding a common basis with the employers upon which the workings of future agreements shall rest."

But mellifluous as this chorus is, it cannot obscure or soften the hard facts, which thousands of cloakmakers learned through yesterday's Daily Worker, laying bare all the details of the fake stoppage swindle and of the pre-arranged governor's conference. The cloakmakers now know that the entire game was fixed in advance, all for the benefit of the employers and their company union agents. The new negotiations, which start tomorrow between the representatives of the three employers' groups and of the I. L. G. W., with Tammany's lieutenant governor, Lehman, directing operations, is only a further development of this fraud and a joining of forces for new onslaughts on the steadily growing Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union.

Communist Activities

MANHATTAN

Unit 12F Meeting.

A special meeting of Unit 12F will be held Thursday, at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

Section 3 Functionaries' Meeting.

Unit functionaries, members of unit and section executive committees of Section 3 must report at the Workers Center, 26 Union Sq., fifth floor, where a C. E. C. member will lead discussion on the C. I. Address. Disciplinary action will be taken against those absent.

* * *

Unit 1, Section 4.

A meeting will be held at 143 E. 103rd St. at 8:30 p. m. Thursday.

* * *

Yorkville Communist Youth League.

A mass meeting will be held at 8 p. m. today at Lexington Hall, 109 E. 116th St. Comrades are asked to report at 28 Union Sq. at 7 p. m. to help with preliminary work.

BRONX

Branch 6, Section 5.

Discussion on the enlightenment campaign will be held at the meeting at 8 p. m. tomorrow at 1330 Wilkins Ave.

* * *

Co-operative Party League, Pioneers.

A joint executive meeting of Party, League and Pioneers of the Bronx Co-operative will be held at 8:30 p. m. today.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

MANHATTAN

Downtown I. L. D. Branch.

A meeting will be held at the Workers Center, 28 Union Square, at 8 p. m. today.

Communists fight on behalf of the immediate aims and interests of the working class, but in their present movement they are also defending the future of the movement.—Marx.

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Communist Youth League Hits Lynching of Negro

The District Negro Committee of the Communist Youth League, through its director, Charles Alexander, yesterday issued the following statement on the lynching of Willie McDaniel, young Negro farm hand of Charlotte, North Carolina:

"The brutal murder of Willie McDaniel, young Negro farm hand of Charlotte, North Carolina, by a white capitalist landlord, brings to the front very sharply again the brutal system of race and class oppression under which the Negro masses live and suffer in this country. For no other reason than the fact that this Negro worker demanded the miserable wages for which he sweated and toiled enormously long hours, the parasite landlord, one of the representatives of the American capitalist class, which lives upon the very blood of the working class, both black and white, in this country, found it to his interest to kill this worker. This is one more glaring example of the "justice" which is meted out to the Negro workers in this country—capitalist justice—which functions only in the interest of the ruling class. This landlord flagrantly murdered in cold blood the oppressed Negro worker.

"This brutal murder of Willie McDaniel by this representative of American capitalism is part and parcel of the whole system of lynching, discrimination, Jim-Crowism and terrorism which the Negro masses suffer in the United States, and which in this present period is directed against white workers as well. The American ruling class, fearing the unity of Negro and white workers which is now being achieved in this country under the leadership of the Communist Party and the Communist Youth League, has entered upon a new regime of terrorism against the workers. Gastonia, where 14 workers faced lynching, the electric chair and long prison terms; Paterson, New Jersey, and New York, where Negro workers have been beaten up, all manifest the growing terrorism which the capitalist class is now employing against Negro and white workers in the United States.

"The Communist Youth League declares emphatically that despite these terroristic acts which are directed against the young Negro workers, and conscious of its tasks in the organization and mobilization of the working class youth, it will go forward with far greater energy than before in its work among the youth, and especially among the Negro youth. The League calls upon the Negro youth to organize interracial defense corps with white working class youth in order to protect themselves. The Communist Youth League furthermore emphatically declares, that this terrorism will impel it to forge ahead in its work in organizing the Negro and white youth of this country, and thereby bring about that inter-racial solidarity of Negro and white workers which will have the power to smash this brutal system of lynching, oppression and terrorism, and establish in its place a workers and farmers government."

NEGROES HURT IN WHITE ATTACK AT N. J. BALL GAME

Police to Frame 2 Who Defended Selves

Jersey City police, in an effort to find scapegoats for a riot which broke up a baseball game in the Montgomery Oval Sunday are hunting down two Negro workers who, defending themselves against the fury of a white mob, are alleged to have inflicted injuries on a white ball player. Scores of Negroes had their clothing torn and faces bruised before police reserves from three precincts stopped the pogrom.

Sam Coleman, a member of the Negro team which was playing the white nine, has been placed under arrest, as has one of the white players.

Near the close of the seventh inning a Negro base runner was brutally spiked by a white infielder. He cried out with pain, upon which the 600 spectators piled onto the playing field and soon began a savage attack on the Negro players, employing baseball bats and other weapons.

The Negro workers among the spectators attempted to ward off the mass assault, which only served to intensify the savageness of the whites.

It is such examples of white chauvinism which, fostered by the boss class, serve to divide the white and Negro masses and render the exploitation of both an easier task.

BOYS HELD FOR MURDER

FLINT, Mich., July 8—Two boys, 11 and 14 years old, faced murder charges today as the sequel to a childish initiation ceremony—the "Royal Mumps"—which police say was responsible for the death of Merril A. Putnam, 6 years old.

SOUTHERN LABOR VOTES ON STRIKE TO AID CARMEN

N. Y. Banks Sue as Holders of Co. Bonds

(Continued from Page One)

the government combined as was evidenced recently in Elizabethton. The New Orleans Commission council is already at work on a similar plan.

Parades and Tear Gas.

While the strikers were holding a great parade in automobiles through the downtown section of the city yesterday, with the sidewalks crowded with cheering thousands, an airplane was arriving with five boxes of what are said to be tear gas bombs. The police department had a car waiting for the bombs. The company has also bought 500 more shotguns from a local hardware store, an employee made known today.

Union Asks Workers Not to Patronize Big Scab Cafeteria

The Blossom Cafeteria, on 27th St. between Sixth and Seventh Aves., which has been closed since the beginning of the cafeteria workers strike, is again opening its doors today for business, under scab conditions and anti-union management.

In a statement made by the office of the Cafeteria Workers Union yesterday, workers are urged not to patronize this scab cafeteria. The union statement recalls the fact that Sklarin, one of the owners of the Blossom Cafeteria, was directly responsible for the railroading of two militant food strikers to long terms in the penitentiary. These strikers, Harry Cornelios and P. Stevenson, are serving terms from six months to three years.

After every revolution marking a progressive phase in the class struggle, the purely repressive character of the State power stands out in bolder and bolder relief.—Marx.

Comrade
Frances Pilat
MIDWIFE
351 E. 77th St., New York, N. Y.
Tel. Rhinelander 3916

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And They Organize in Gastonia

WHEN the Manville-Jenckes and other textile mill companies let loose their police, gunmen and their unofficial "committee of one hundred" gangsters and wrecked the Loray strikers' tent colony in Gastonia, taking away the tents themselves, and seizing the union and relief headquarters, they undoubtedly thought that ended the National Textile Workers Union and the revolt of the textile mill slaves.

To make assurance doubly sure, they arrested nearly a hundred strikers, charged 14 with murder and threatened them with electrocution.

When that did not seem to be enough, they began to add to the number of those slated to burn in the chair. They have just placed Delmar Hampton, whom they kidnapped from South Carolina, to the list of victims.

But the National Textile Workers Union has gained the confidence of the textile workers. The coolness with which its leaders have faced death and all manner of other terrorism, has made them known throughout the South as the champion of the workers, against their exploiters.

The news reports the workers in mill after mill sending insistent demands to the N. T. W. offices in Charlotte and in Gastonia, for organizers.

The heroism of the 15 union men and women now awaiting a frame-up trial in Gastonia is not wasted. The cause they fight for rises triumphant above the intrigue and plotting that hopes to accomplish their death, and the end of militant organization in the South.

The workers of the world cannot, and will not, remain quiescent while this mill owners' program of murder and terrorism and slavery continues. The workers must, and will, rally behind these workers in prison, in spite of capitalist lies and censorship.

Funds for defense, demonstrations and resolutions assuring the Gastonia strikers of the solidarity of Labor will be forthcoming.

But will they come quick enough? Like wolves panting for blood, the Gastonia authorities and organized capitalism from Hoover's cabinet down are hot after the lives of these workers. The trial date is fearfully close, July 29.

Act quickly! Do not let it be said that workers stood by, while the southern textile workers are made to wade through the blood of fifteen of their fallen leaders to the organization they are determined to achieve. We have other uses for those 15 heroes.

U. S. Government Breaking Strikes Again

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, having through the post office department enlisted with the mill owners' prosecution which is trying to electrocute 15 textile strikers and organizers in Gastonia, immediately begins to side with the employers in the other militant strikes going on at present.

Judge Borah's injunction against the New Orleans street car strikers is now being prepared. He is acting at the direct request of Wall Street, the Chase National and the New York Trust Company having applied for the writ.

The New Orleans strikers thus have against them already not only the marksmen of the New Orleans police department, with the blood of two strikers on their hands, not only the city courts of New Orleans, which have before them the cases of scores of the strike pickets, arrested on charges of rioting, but the national government at Washington, as well.

Here, again, as in Gastonia, there is a solid united front of big business, from New York clear across to Louisiana, all concerned with the defeat of the strikers, with the smashing of their union by fair means or foul. The federal court's order will be backed up by U. S. marshalls and deputy marshalls, and by federal troops if necessary.

The strikers, faced with this monstrous machine of local and national government, should learn the lesson. The day of single isolated labor movements is over. Only militant national organization, industrial unions bound closely together, such as intended through the Cleveland Convention for Trade Union Unity, August 31, can adequately handle the present situation.

The New Orleans strikers themselves are militant and heroic against the reaction of their leaders, the heads of the Amalgamated Street and Railway Employes. These leaders have, in Philadelphia and New York betrayed the union members in an outrageous fashion. In New Orleans, the rank and file are going ahead with a splendid strike. Labor everywhere should support them. And these strikers who have showed their colors in the courageous mass picketing of the last few days, should in turn demand that they have a clear field for their program of real fighting, should force the Mahon brothers and other class collaborationist officials of their organization out of their treacherous contract with the Mitten railroads in Philadelphia, and the New York subway companies. They should send their own delegates to Cleveland. They should link up their own militancy, additional testimony to the growing radicalization of the workers in the South, with the class struggle industrial unionism developing in every section of the land.

WALL STREET'S DOLLARS and marines are extending their domination over greater sections of the world. Wherever there is a revolutionary upheaval United States imperialism is on hand and ready to crush it. United States imperialism is in a conspiracy with Great Britain against the Russian Revolution. It cooperates with Japan and England in the intervention against China.—Platform of the Communist Party in the presidential election campaign, 1928.

SIDE BY SIDE with the armaments and war preparations of the imperialists against foreign rivals, there proceeds an intensification of reaction at home. Without a "quiet" hinterland it is impossible for the imperialists to wage war. The bourgeoisie is taking measures to prevent the workers from putting up any kind of organized resistance to their war policy.—Theses and Resolutions of the VI World Congress of the Communist International, 1928.

Enlightenment Campaign on the Comintern Address to the Communist Party

THE Polbureau is desirous of securing the broadest possible Enlightenment Campaign on the Comintern Address and the immediate Party tasks outlined therein. All Party members and particularly the comrades active in the workshops in the basic industries are invited to write their opinions for the Party Press. Resolutions of Factory Nuclei also will be printed in this section. Send all material dealing with this campaign to Comrade Jack Stachel, care National office, Communist Party, 43 E. 125th St., New York City.

The Line of American Right Opposition to the Comintern

By Wm. W. WEINSTONE.

Two outstanding facts define the present stage of the struggle of the American Right Opposition to the Address of the Communist International.

Firstly, the concealed opposition hidden previously by either formal acceptance or endorsement of the Address has now come into the open.

Secondly, the platform of the Right opposition which is now being developed against the Address is that of the International right. Members of the concealed opposition have gone to the point of withdrawing their endorsement of the Address and have stated open opposition to the line of the Comintern for the Communist Party of the United States of America.

These events are not accidental but follow from the return of Jay Lovestone to the United States, from his flagrant breach of discipline and open defiance of the Communist International. It is evidence of the fact that those struggling against the Communist Interr-tional are burning their bridges behind them and are aiming to accomplish what was intended by their cable of May 15th.

The Platform of the Struggle Against the Comintern

What is the platform of the struggle against the Communist International?

First: That the Comintern and the leading Party of the Communist International, the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, has degenerated. The "running sore" conception of Lovestone is now reinforced by the idea that there is a "scissors" between the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and the other sections of the Comintern. This "scissors" conception runs as follows: "That the Party of the Soviet Union having achieved its proletarian dictatorship is far in advance of the other parties and since it is the leading Party of the Comintern, the most authoritative section, it is driving the other sections into adventurist tactics, for example, their allegations of "Putchist" tactics in Berlin on May Day, etc.

Secondly, they support the theory of exceptionalism and challenge the conception of the Comintern regarding the estimation of American Imperialism.

Thirdly: They challenge the conception of the leftward swing of the masses and the growing radicalization of the working class in the United States.

Fourthly, they adopt the right interpretation of the decisions of the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International and accept the opportunist conception that American stabilisation is growing stronger and disagree with the conception of the sharpening of the class struggle, the growing intensification of the contradictions and the entrance of a period "which will usher in fresh imperialist wars, wide colonial movements and gigantic class battles (Sixth Congress thesis). Fifthly: They challenge the estimation of factionalism in the American Party.

"The Running Sore and the Scissors."

What is the meaning of the "running sore" agitation and the "scissors" conception? It is nothing more nor less than the propaganda of Brandler. In the organs of the Brandlerists, in Germany, this conception was expressed as follows: "It is fatal," said Brandler, "that there is no Party in the Comintern of equal importance with the C. P. S. U."

The same idea was expressed by Thalheimer when he declared, "That the Russian comrades would not see them (the leaders of the Brandler group) again until they could speak on equal terms, as one power to another."

Both statements of these spearheads of the international right are clearly the expression of the "scissors" idea which Lovestone is developing in the United States. But these ideas are not new. The essence of these ideas has already been expressed in the theory time and again stated by right opponents of the Communist International and by social democrats that "the methods of bolshevism cannot be employed in the working class movements of the more developed western European countries." This idea is a repetition of the legends of the old opponents of the Communist International that the Bolsheviks of the Soviet Union are applying mechanical methods. It challenges the fundamental idea that bolshevism is international in its principles and tactics. As early as 1921 Lenin in his pamphlet on "Left Wing Communism" combatted this legend about the limited application of bolshevik tactics and declared: "We have now considerable experience of international scope which pretty definitely establishes the fact that some fundamental features of our revolution are not local, not purely national, not Russian only, but that they are of international significance. Not in the strictest sense of the word, that is, taking it in its essence, or in the sense of the historical inevitability of a repetition, on an international scale, of what we in Russia have gone through, but one must admit some fundamental features of our revolution to be of such international significance. Of course, it would be the greatest mistake to exaggerate this truth and to apply it to more than the fundamental features of our revolution. It would be likewise erroneous not to keep in mind that after the proletarian revolution in at least one of the advance countries, things will in all probability take a sharp turn; Russia will cease to be the model, and will become again the backward (in the Soviet and socialist sense) country.

"But at this historical moment the state of affairs is such that the Russian example reveals something quite essential to all countries in their near and inevitable future. The advance workers in every land have long understood it—although in many cases they did not so much understand it as feel it, through the instinct of their revolutionary class. Hence the international significance, (in the strict sense of the word) of the Soviet Power as well as of the fundamentals of Bolshevik theory and tactics" (emphasis mine—W. W.).

Those who maintain a contrary view to that expressed by Lenin not only repeat the legend of mechanical application which all renegades have maintained against Communist International as for example Levi, Hoeglund, and others, but slide down to the position of Trotskyism, to the conception of "Thermidor." We must frankly face the fact that despite the struggle against Trotskyism in our ranks, there are people today who are taking up the discredited weapons of Trotskyism and are repeating the same slanderous accusations against the C. P. S. U. and the Comintern. But this is not at all surprising. Those who take up the struggle against the Communist International whether they proceed in their attacks from the position of the so-called "left" or from the right inevitably arrive at the same social-democratic opportunistic platform and sooner or later will establish a common, united front against the Communist International though they be independent of each other at the present time.

"The Accusation of Putchist Tactics"

The right are accusing the Communist International of putchist tactics in Berlin on May 1. Where does this accusation spring from? It arises from the fundamentally wrong conception of the rights regarding the third period. These opportunists view capitalism today as growing stronger and is entering into a period in which the contradictions are becoming weaker. For that reason, they do not see that the revolutionary tide is rising higher and that the working class is assuming the offensive against the capitalists. In order to deny this fact, these opportunists seize upon every weakness and shortcoming of the struggles of the working class, weaknesses which the proletariat will overcome in the course of further struggles and they overlook the gigantic fact that 200,000 workers demonstrated in Berlin despite the prohibition and violence of the police and that these workers showed a revolutionary will and energy which reminds us of the great battles of the German workers during first post war period. The accusations of putchism against the German Party can come only from people that see the strength of the enemy but are blind to the fact of the growing power of the working class.

The Theory of Exceptionalism

Do the events now transpiring in the United States justify the theory of exceptionalism and that which flows from this theory, the exemption of America from the left swing of the masses and the growing radicalization of the working class? Quite the contrary. We see in the United States the class struggle growing ever more acute. New layers of workers are being attracted to the left wing. Strikes are breaking out in various sections of the country and the rank and file workers are making renewed efforts to overthrow the bureaucracy as for example in the Amalgamated Clothing Workers and among the Illinois miners.

The struggle of the textile workers in Gastonia shows how acute the class struggle is growing in the United States and only those who are blind will fail to see that this great struggle is bound to have its repercussions in other sections of the working class. The capitalist class understands full well the meaning of the series of strikes that have been taking place in various industries and they are reacting to these developments of the workers within increased terror. This was shown in the food workers strike in New York City where 1,500 strikers were arrested before the strike was several weeks old. The mad system of rationalization is driving the workers to take up the struggle against the employing class, and the bourgeoisie recognizing this situation is making feverish preparations to break the fighting spirit of the masses by terror. This accounts for the summary action of the courts in dealing with workers, for the increase of injunctions, the sentencing of workers through contempt of court proceedings, the long-term imprisonment of workers for strike activity and the efforts of the bourgeoisie to reorganize their legal system so that they can proceed more swiftly against the working class.

New Weapons of Struggle.

The developments among the working class show the following new facts:

First, the working class is adopting new forms of trade union struggle (formation of revolutionary industrial unions); secondly, the workers are looking to the Communist Party for leadership in their struggle; thirdly, the masses are beginning to overcome the barriers which have stood in their way of unity (the solidarity of black and white workers in Gastonia). The Bolshevization of the Communist Party which is now taking place is not some isolated event but is part of the entire process which is going on in the working class and is linked up with the tasks pressing hard upon the Party of assuming more vigorously the role of leadership of the masses of the country. The opportunists in the Party resist this Bolshevization process because they completely fail to understand the revolutionary requirements of the third period and the need for a Communist Party cleansed of the opportunistic remnants of the past; of factionalism, unprincipledness, of the old chaos and demoralization caused by the devastating factional fight and the lack of firm discipline and of a tendency to follow in the tail of the masses in place of leading the masses to struggle—through careful and systematic preparation, through developing in the masses a confidence in their power, through tactics relying upon the will of the masses to struggle—all of which requires a well disciplined, a firmly united Party following the revolutionary policies of the Communist International.

Rights Fight Party Unity.

The right elements, however, do not aim to unite the Party but despite the crying need for such unity, are engaged in spreading all kinds of pessimistic propaganda, are aiming to paralyze the execution of the Address of the Comintern and thereby seek to justify their opposition to the Address by a campaign of demoralization of the Party work. Under the guise of the slogan of democracy, Lovestone and those that follow him seek the right to establish factions within the Party and show the reactions of petty-bourgeois individualists to the demand for greater centralization and discipline. Like the Trotskyites they challenge the doctrine of the twenty-one points and the fundamental conception of Bolshevik organization which declares that the Communist Party can lead the masses to revolution only on condition that it contains within its ranks the vanguard of the proletariat, a membership consisting of self-sacrificing, disciplined workers who are ready to subordinate themselves to the will of the majority and look upon themselves as members of a World Party.

What is Lovestone attempting to do? Without doubt to split the Party. This was shown by the cable of May 15. The proof of this policy consists in the fact that Lovestone has not only a platform that clashes fundamentally with the line of the Communist International but he is also fighting the organizational line of the Comintern. The efforts of Lovestone and others to discredit those that are vigorously fighting for the line of the Communist International has not merely the object of weakening Party authority so as to enable them to conduct unchallenged their miserable factional work but is part of a calculated plan to split up the Party and to build an organization outside the Comintern.

The right opportunists have lost faith or are quickly losing faith in the World Party of Communism They are unable in the present third period to maneuver around with the World Party which has determinedly set upon the course of ridding itself of obstructive opportunist elements, of those who show no desire to march together along the revolutionary path of Bolshevik principles and tactics. As long as Lovestone thought it possible to maneuver around and through tricks of petty-bourgeois politiciandom maintain the line which he has followed, he declared that he would accept the decision of the Communist International irrespective of what that decision might be. But when Lovestone came face to face with the fact that the Comintern will not allow a continuation of the devastating practices of the past, he refused to submit to the will of the Communist International and took the next logical step of organization against the C. I.

Lovestone miscalculated upon the development of our Party membership. The members in the course of ten years of the existence of the Party have developed ideologically and understand the issues at stake and despite the propaganda of opportunist elements they know that the Communist International is the real leader of the American Party. The overwhelming response of the Party to the Address of the Comintern is proof of the correctness of the line of the Communist International and the latter's confidence in proletarian membership of the Party that it would understand that it was confronted with two lines—one line for the Communist International and for revolutionary policy and the other line against the Communist International and for an opportunist policy.

Belated Echo of International Rights.

Lovestone is fighting a futile battle. His platform is a belated echo of the International Right. This fight has already been settled in the decisive sections of the Comintern. The rights in the Russian Party have been decisively defeated. The 16th Party Conference showed that the Party of the Soviet Union is firmly for the line of the Central Committee, for a decisive policy of class struggle against the kulak elements, for a rapid tempo of industrialization. The Russian Party members see in the policy of the rights a policy of pessimism, of defeatism, of retreat before the capitalist elements, instead of the correct course of overcoming the elements of capitalist economy in the rapid march of the iron battalions of the proletariat.

In Germany, likewise, the rights have been defeated as was shown in the parliamentary election in Saxony where the Brandlerists that had always had their strongest position in this district and who have been the parliamentarians of the Party in Saxony could secure only twenty thousand votes as against 300,000 for the Communist Party. In Czechoslovakia, likewise, the Party membership has rid itself of the opportunists without a long struggle.

The tactics of Lovestone, his maneuvers, his aim to confuse the Party by tricks of petty-bourgeois politiciandom will not gain a foothold among the membership. Those that follow the course of Lovestone will succeed only in making themselves generals without an army.

A course of determined opposition, of ruthlessly supporting opportunist ideology in the Party, of quickly carrying out the practical tasks of the C.I. Address will make our Party able to fulfill the role of leader of the growing mass movements of the working class. The carrying out of these tasks will be the best proof of the correctness of the Address of the Comintern and will result in the establishment of a Party powerfully cemented by a Bolshevist unity, a Party that will sink its roots deeper into the shops and that will act with the will and determination of Bolsheviks, of followers of Lenin, in leading the masses of the United States.

CEMENT

By FEODOR GLADKOV

Translated by A. S. Arthur and C. Ashleigh

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Gleb Chumalov, Red Army Commissar, returns to his town on the Black Sea after the Civil Wars to find the great cement works, where he had formerly worked, in ruins and the life of the town disorganized. He discovers a great change in his wife, Dasha, whom he has not seen for three years. She is no longer the conventional wife, dependent on him, but has become a woman with a life of her own, a leader among the women of the town together with Polia Mekhova, secretary of the Women's Section of the Communist Party.

The town is attacked by a band of counter-revolutionaries and Gleb is in command of one of the defense detachments. With him is Serge, a Bolshevik intellectual, who is a devoted Party worker. He and Gleb engage in a discussion while awaiting developments in the night.

* * *

IN front Gleb was roaring like a bull, and Serge heard neither the sound of his steps, nor cries, nor shots, in that infernal darkness. He was flying lightly, not feeling the earth under his feet, nor hearing the whistling of the wind in his ears, nor feeling pain from the thorns of the bushes which struck at his face and were tearing his skin. He was choking and shouting, but he did not hear what he was shouting.

Out of the darkness came a frenzied horse, galloping madly. He snorted before Serge, reared high, stumbled against the rocks, kicked wildly in the air, his tail flying, snorted once more and vanished. And where the horse had stood was a black gulf.

* * *

SERGE stopped and listened. Far away the hooves were smashing the stones, and Gleb's cries were heard no longer. A wild alarm shuddered in the air, in the glare of the guns; and the mist was phosphorescent. It was impossible to distinguish where the sea ended and where the sky began. The town below lay spread out like a cemetery: great dark walled blocks like giant tombs. Serge looked behind him: the torches flashed still in the mountains. On the other side the mountains were yet higher, in battlements, and all over their crests were swarming stars. They lit up, then died, flew about like fiery snakes, flared up like bonfires and rushed in flaming torrents from the tops down the valley and slopes.

Down below in the valley men were sighing and murmuring, and perhaps the gods were fighting over carrion. The stones were clattering like potsherds. Somewhere near was Gleb and the one-armed man: one of the two had to conquer. There were so many one-armed men. So why should this particular one, who had just disappeared into the darkness, trouble Serge so much.

Serge began to climb down the slope. The soil broke under his feet, turning to dust.

Among the boulders Gleb was bending over something and growling, his whole body torn with effort. Serge saw that his knee was planted on the chest of a prostrate man, and he was gripping his throat with both hands.

"No, you yelping swine, you won't get away! You're finished, you bastard! I've got you now! Here, Serge, give us a hand. Search him!"

Feverishly, with trembling hands, Serge ransacked the pockets of the man's tunic and breeches. He found only a packet of tobacco, matches and a crust of bread. But when his hand touched the stump of the missing arm he was suddenly pierced by a cry which frozé him.

"I knew it, Gleb. This is my brother! My brother, Gleb! I'm going to kill him, Gleb! I shall shoot him——!"

"All right, but pick up his rifle under my feet. Now, friend, get up. Get up, Serge, and stand by him with your rifle pointed. Or as he's your brother, shall I leave him to your mercy? Well? What have you to say in his defence?"

* * *

IN this raillery Serge sensed a certain hostility. It seemed to him that Gleb's eyes were like burning coals.

"Stop joking, Chumalov. Lead him away or I shall kill him on the spot. You have no right to speak to me in that tone."

"All right, don't get sore and take offence——."

Serge's hands and knees trembled.

Dimitri got up. He wished to shake the dust from his clothes, but his hand was tightly held by Gleb. He was choking and coughing.

"Another unusual meeting, Serge," he said. "Anyway, you're not worth the little finger of this wild fellow, War Commissar Gleb Chumalov. We had the honor of meeting each other in my gay father's house, when you were robbing him. I regret that my brother Serge was not there then; I should have shot him through the head. My one hand can still perform wonders."

Gleb bent over, looking closely into the one-armed man's face, but did not release his hand.

"Aha, an unexpected meeting, my heroic Colonel! In the old man's garden I properly played the fool. I should have hooked you then. Well, let's get on, boys! We'll go to see Comrade Shibis; he will welcome this guest!"

Dimitri wished to speak, but laughter obstructed his words. He was choking in his efforts to suppress his hilarity.

"I'm very flattered to walk with you, my friends. Especially with you, my brave Commissar. But won't you let go my hand? I'm neither a child nor a young lady that such tender care should be shown me. The vanquished enemy will walk with you just as proudly as will the victors. Only please remove my brother a little way from me. I'm not sure that he isn't suffering from feminine hysteria in its gravest form. Calm yourself, little Serge, you are really much too excited, my friend."

* * *

SERGE'S teeth were chattering, and he could not overcome a deadly nausea rising in his chest. He made a tremendous effort not to shout and fling himself on his brother in a fit of wild anger.

Dimitri was laughing like a real merry fellow.

"It's true, isn't it, Serge, that you and I never walked together before with such pleasure as on this occasion. Such moments must be cherished—especially when they are the last we shall live. But you'll kill me with your ferocious looks, you fierce person. Take it more easily, can't you? You're even too pitiable a slave of your Party to be able to control yourself in the foolish hour of your success."

They came up out of the ravine and followed the mountain path.

On the mountains and in the troubled sky the glare of the guns flashed intermittently.

"All the same, your work is no damn good—you cheap rabble. Tomorrow your brains will be fouling the cobbles. It's a pity I shan't see it with my own eyes. And as for you, Serge, I would have had great pleasure in hanging you publicly at the gate of our house."

* * *

SERGE began to laugh, and was astonished that he was able to laugh at that moment.

"Could one ever expect, brother, that I should lead you to your death? But it is so, you see? I shan't watch you being shot. But the fact that you have been caught, and that I had a hand in catching you, gives me great satisfaction."

Dimitri laughed amicably, with open-hearted gaiety.

"You'll make me ill laughing, little Serge! You are really an incomparable comedian."

"Well, Colonel? But this is a jolly walk on such a rotten night! If the respectable citizens could see us now, they'd say: 'The're some gay pals having a merry time!'"

Dimitri continued to laugh, but now there was a sharp point in his laughter. It seemed now to Serge that he was really laughing no longer, that sorrow had overcome him, and the desire to say something which human words could not express.

"Yes, yes, very gay indeed! I do regret, Serge, that you're not going to take part in this merry game called an execution. I should like it very much: it would have recalled our childhood. Do you remember our childish days well? I would like to see your rifle pointed at my breast. Won't you do it now? Your dungeons are worse than those graveyard nights which frightened me in my boyhood. I don't want my soul devastated there. Accompany me, Serge, right to the end; that would be very beautiful—a heroic theme. Two brothers in the grip of an implacable antagonism, uniting two groups of blood into one. It's tempting, eh? Romantic?"

A town patrol with rifles at the ready came towards them.

(To be Continued)